AUDIT REPORT



Wallingford-Swarthmore School District

Wallingford, Pennsylvania

June 30, 2009

WALLINGFORD-SWARTHMORE SCHOOL DISTRICT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

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October 30, 2009

Board of School Directors Wallingford-Swarthmore School District Wallingford, Pennsylvania

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wallingford-Swarthmore School District (the "District"), Wallingford, Pennsylvania, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Wallingford-Swarthmore School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. The prior year summarized comparative information has been derived from the District's 2008 financial statements and, in our report dated November 24, 2008, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wallingford-Swarthmore School District, Wallingford, Pennsylvania, as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the budgetary comparisons for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 30, 2009, on our consideration of Wallingford-Swarthmore School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and important for assessing the results of our audit.



Board of School Directors
Wallingford-Swarthmore School District

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 15 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Wallingford-Swarthmore School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards and certain state grants is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, "Audits of States, Local Governments and Nonprofit Organizations," and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Barbacane, Thornton & Company
BARBACANE, THORNTON & COMPANY

INTRODUCTION

The discussion and analysis of the financial performance of Wallingford-Swarthmore School District (the "District") provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the transmittal letter, financial statements and notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is an element of the reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") in its Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements - Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments," issued June 1999. Certain comparative information between the current year and the prior year is required to be presented in the MD&A.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The District's net assets increased by \$8.5 million, due primarily to the sale of the Rutgers Avenue building and the increase in the amount invested in capital assets net of related debt. The net proceeds of the Rutgers Avenue building were \$3.9 million, which was deposited into the Capital Reserve Fund. The amount invested in capital assets net of related debt increased by \$3.4 million due to the construction and renovation of the Strath Haven Middle School.

DATA ANALYSIS: THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the District's basic financial statements that consist of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so that the reader, by considering the entity-wide financial statements, can understand the Wallingford-Swarthmore School District as an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The first two statements are entity-wide financial statements - the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. These provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District's operations in more detail than the entity-wide statements. The governmental fund statements relate how general District services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities that the District operates like a business. These activities consist of the District's food service operation. Fiduciary fund statements provide information about financial relationships where the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District these cover and the types of information these contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2 Major Features of Wallingford-Swarthmore School District's Entity-wide and Fund Financial Statements

			Fund Statements	
	Entity-wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as education, administration and community services	Activities the District operates similar to private business - food services	Instances in which the District is the trustee or agent to someone else's resources - scholarship funds, student activities
Required financial statements	Statement of net assets; Statement of activities	Balance sheet; Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance	Statement of net assets; Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets; Statement of cash flows	Statement of fiduciary net assets; Statement of changes in fiduciary net assets
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short- term and long-term
Type of inflow- outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after end of year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

ENTITY-WIDE REPORTING PROCESS:

The MD&A is only one of the required components of the District's financial statements. Two statements that provide comprehensive information about the entire District are the following:

Statement of Net Assets – which identifies what kinds of assets the District owns, what debts it owes and the composition of the net assets that remain.

Statement of Activities – identifies the costs of providing public school services and the resources obtained to finance the services.

The basis of accounting used in these entity-wide statements is full accrual with an economic resources focus. All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term are presented. This basis of accounting takes into account all the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the District is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

- Governmental Activities Most of the District's programs and services are reported here including
 instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and
 extracurricular activities. Property taxes and state and federal subsidies and grants finance most
 of these activities.
- Business-type Activities The District operates a food service operation through a food management company contract and charges fees to staff and students to cover some of the costs of the food service operation. State and federal breakfast and lunch programs further subsidize the costs of operation.

DISTRICT FUND REPORTING:

Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail about a district's funds. These statements focus on the District's most significant funds. There are three kinds of fund financial statements - governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds - The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the capital projects fund. These funds are reported using the modified accrual accounting method, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements include only short-term information: the most readily available assets and currently due liabilities, and the resources that flow into and out of a school district during the year. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary funds - These funds are used to account for the District activities that are similar to business operations in the private sector; or where the reporting is on determining net income, financial position, changes in financial position, and a significant portion of funding through user charges. The District's proprietary fund reports the finances of the food services operation. This fund uses the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match entity-wide statement reporting of business-type activities reported in the entity-wide statements, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

Fiduciary funds - The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for some scholarship funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net assets. The District excludes these activities from the its other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT

The Statement of Net Assets contains information about what the District owns and owes, i.e., assets and liabilities, and what is left after assets are used to satisfy liabilities. Net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$24,408,932 as of June 30, 2009. Assets exceeded liabilities by \$15,922,468 as of June 30, 2008.

A comparative analysis of fiscal years 2009 to 2008 follows:

Table 1
June 30, 2009 and 2008
Net Assets

	Governmental Activities		Business-ty	pe Activities	Totals	
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008
ASSETS:						***************************************
Current and other assets	\$ 34,337,223	\$ 49,927,164	\$ 99,377	\$ 103,688	\$ 34,436,600	\$ 50,030,852
Capital assets	74,994,746	53,226,813	198,072	222,532	75,192,818	53,449,345
TOTAL ASSETS	\$109,331,969	\$103,153,977	\$ 297,449	\$ 326,220	\$109,629,418	\$103,480,197
LIABILITIES:						
Current liabilities	\$ 7,243,418	\$ 6,529,932	\$ 100,719	\$ 101,119	\$ 7,344,137	\$ 6,631,051
Long-term liabilities	77,876,349	80,926,678	-	-	77,876,349	80,926,678
TOTAL LIABILITIES	85,119,767	87,456,610	100,719	101,119	85,220,486	87,557,729
NET ASSETS:						
Invested in capital						
assets, net of debt	11,150,554	7,721,954	198,072	222,532	11,348,626	7,944,486
Capital projects	6,262,642	1,395,295	· -	, <u>-</u>	6,262,642	1,395,295
Unrestricted	6,799,006	6,580,118	(1,342)	2,569	6,797,664	6,582,687
TOTAL NET ASSETS	24,212,202	15,697,367	196,730	225,101	24,408,932	15,922,468
TOTAL LIABILITIES						
AND NET ASSETS	\$109,331,969	\$103,153,977	\$ 297,449	\$ 326,220	\$109,629,418	\$103,480,197

The largest portion of the District's total assets (69 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets. The District uses capital assets to provide services; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The District's investment in capital assets net of related debt increased by \$3,404,140 as a result of the construction-in-progress on the Strath Haven Middle School.

Unrestricted accumulated net assets represent resources to be used for unanticipated fluctuations in expenditures and/or revenues that can occur after the Board of School Directors (the "Board") approves an annual budget. Such fluctuations can result in expenditures that are greater than current year revenues. At such times, the District must rely on its accumulated fund balance (unrestricted accumulated net assets) to make up the difference. Additionally, for certain categories of expenses, the District may realize cost saving opportunities if It prepays these expenses. If these prepayments are greater than currently realized revenues, then the District must rely on its unrestricted accumulated net assets in order to realize these savings. Finally, financial analysts view maintenance of adequate unrestricted accumulated net assets as an important criterion when establishing the bond rating for a public school district.

Restricted net assets increased \$4,867,347 as a result of the authorized transfer of \$900,000 from the general fund, set aside to fund future capital needs, and the deposit of the proceeds from the sale of a building, previously discussed.

The results of this year's operations as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. Table 2 is a summary of changes in net assets for the year ended June 30, 2009 and 2008. Revenues are defined as either program or general revenues. Program revenues are generated by the services themselves or provided externally for use in a particular function. Program revenues reduce the net expense to the public. General revenues include the local taxes assessed to community taxpayers, the basic education subsidy provided by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and other general revenues the District uses to finance the total net cost of programs.

Table 2
Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008
Changes in Net Assets

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Totals		
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	
REVENUES							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for Services	\$ 519,485	\$ 990,185	\$ 882,819	\$ 810,684	\$ 1,402,304	\$ 1,800,869	
Operating Grants	6,431,732	6,606,392	272,843	196,552	6,704,575	6,802,944	
Total Program Revenues	6,951,217	7,596,577	1,155,662	1,007,236	8,106,879	8,603,813	
General Revenues:							
Property and other taxes	47,614,147	45,925,931	-	-	47,614,147	45,925,931	
Grants and entitlements	4,886,769	2,969,481	-	-	4,886,769	2,969,481	
Other	5,818,776	1,889,794			5,818,776	1,889,794	
Total General Revenues	58,319,692	50,785,206	-	•	58,319,692	50,785,206	
TOTAL REVENUES	65,270,909	58,381,783	1,155,662	1,007,236	66,426,571	59,389,019	
EXPENSES							
Program Expenses:							
Instruction	34,559,299	32,347,539	-	-	34,559,299	32,347,539	
Instructional student support	4,055,600	3,909,690	-	-	4,055,600	3,909,690	

Table 2
Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008
Changes in Net Assets

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Totals	
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008
EXPENSES (cont'd)						
Program Expenses:						
Administrative and financial						
support services	4,887,014	5,152,818	-	-	4,887,014	5,152,818
Operation and maintenance						
of plant services	5,156,796	5,481,932	-	-	5,156,796	5,481,932
Pupil transportation	2,925,467	2,876,416	-	_	2,925,467	2,876,416
Student activities	1,166,701	1,094,117	-	-	1,166,701	1,094,117
Community services	486	410	=	-	486	410
Interest on long-term debt	3,990,136	2,562,594	-	-	3,990,136	2,562,594
Food service			1,198,608	1,091,881	1,198,608	1,091,881
TOTAL EXPENSES	56,741,499	53,425,516	1,198,608	1,091,881	57,940,107	54,517,397
					*	
INCREASE (DECREASE)						
IN NET ASSETS BEFORE						
TRANSFERS	8,529,410	4,956,267	(42,946)	(84,645)	8,486,464	4,871,622
Transfers	(14,575)	(32,369)	14,575	32,369	-	
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	\$ 8,514,835	\$ 4,923,898	\$ (28,371)	\$ (52,276)	\$ 8,486,464	\$ 4,871,622

Charges for services declined due to the loss of rental income when the Rutgers Avenue building was sold. A 5.8 percent increase in the real estate tax millage contributed to the increase in property and other taxes. State revenue increased by \$1.9 million due to the state property tax reduction allocation. Other revenues increased because one of the District's buildings was sold generating \$3.9 million.

Total expenditures for all categories increased by \$3.4 million in 2008-2009. Salaries and benefits were a significant cause of the increase with an increase of \$1.26 million or 4.53 percent higher than 2007-2008. The District received a \$218,223 Classrooms for the Future grant for technology purchases. Interest on long-term debt increased by \$1.4 million because of the impact of a full year of debt service on the Series of 2008 bonds.

The tables below present the expenses of both the Governmental Activities and the Business-type Activities of the District.

Table 3 shows the District's eight largest functions - instructional programs, instructional student support, administrative, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, student activities, community services and long-term debt - as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). This table also shows the net costs offset by the other unrestricted grants, subsidies and contributions to show the remaining financial needs supported by local taxes and other miscellaneous revenues.

Table 3
Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of	Net Cost of	Total Cost of	Net Cost of
	Services 2009	Services 2009	Services 2008	Services 2008
Instruction Instructional student support Administrative and financial support services Operation and maintenance of plant services	\$ 34,559,299	\$ 30,013,897	\$ 32,347,539	\$ 27,512,760
	4,055,600	3,678,318	3,909,690	3,427,298
	4,887,014	4,727,304	5,152,818	4,926,002
	5,156,796	4,988,270	5,481,932	5,249,385
Pupil transportation Student activities Community services Interest on long-term debt	2,925,467	2,179,565	2,876,416	2,106,069
	1,166,701	1,072,692	1,094,117	975,444
	486	(373,950)	410	(578,242)
	3,990,136	3,504,185	2,562,594	2,210,223
Total Expenses Less: Unrestricted grants, subsidies	\$ 56,741,499	49,790,281 4,886,769	\$ 53,425,516	45,828,939 2,969,481
TOTAL NEEDS FROM LOCAL TAXES AND OTHER REVENUES		\$ 44,903,512		\$ 42,859,458

The following table reflects the activities of the Food Service program, the only business-type activity of the District.

Table 3A Business-type Activities

	Total Cost of	Net Revenue	Total Cost of	Net Revenue
	Services	(Expense)	Services	(Expense)
	2009	2009	2008	2008
Change in Net Assets - Food Service	\$ 1,198,608	\$ (42,946)	\$ 1,091,881	\$ (84,645)

The food services operation is run by ARAMARK Educational Services, Inc. The District is working closely with ARAMARK to assure a break-even or profit. Whenever a deficit is realized, all aspects of food services are analyzed including staffing, food choices, and quality of product and dining environment. ARAMARK's contract is subject to annual renewal for five years.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets for this proprietary fund will further detail the actual results of operations.

REVIEW OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The development, review and consideration of the 2008-2009 Comprehensive General Fund Operating Budget was completed in a manner consistent with past practice. The budget is also prepared to reflect the programs and services to be provided by the various revenue sources. The District believes that all data presented in the budget was accurate in all material respects, that it was presented in a manner designed to set forth fairly the financial position and plan of operations of the District as measured by the financial activity of its various accounts, and that all disclosures necessary to maximize and simplify user comprehension were included.

The District governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$44,899,552 as of June 30, 2008 and \$28,478,927 as of June 30, 2009, which is a decrease of \$16,420,625 due primarily to the use of the Series of 2008 Bonds for the Middle School project.

Governmental funds, which include the general fund, capital projects fund and capital reserve fund, had total revenues of \$61.1 million at June 30, 2009 and \$58.4 million at June 30, 2008. Total expenditures were \$81.4 million at June 30, 2009 and \$65.5 million at June 30, 2008.

The general fund had excess revenues over expenditures of \$960,978 as of June 30, 2009 and excess expenditures over revenue of \$1,440,555 as of June 30, 2008. Total revenues were \$1,130,774 higher than final budget. This was due to several factors including DCIU Special Education and Vo-Tech reconciliations of \$215,642, higher investment interest of \$194,417, higher delinquent taxes in the amount of \$160,683 and unbudgeted Special Education contingency of \$112,402. The State share of retirement was higher by \$151,960.

General Fund Budget Information

The District's budget is prepared in accordance with Pennsylvania law and is based on the modified accrued basis of accounting. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

The final budget for expenditures reflects required changes in functional categories due to spending patterns. The Board authorizes revisions to the original budget to accommodate differences from the original budget to the actual expenditures of the District.

Variance			
Original	Actual	Positive	Percent
Budget	Expenditures	(Negative)_	Change
\$ 23,719,021	\$ 23,016,575	\$ 702,446	3.0%
9,485,721	9,475,316	10,405	0.1%
310,927	298,536	12,391	4.0%
412,513	403,447	9,066	2.2%
164,505	164,506	(1)	0.0%
2,315,930	1,976,879	339,051	14.6%
1,321,010	1,342,042	(21,032)	-1.6%
2,891,384	2,962,388	(71,004)	-2.5%
817,831	689,880	127,951	15.6%
876,466	843,517	32,949	3.8%
	\$ 23,719,021 9,485,721 310,927 412,513 164,505 2,315,930 1,321,010 2,891,384 817,831	Budget Expenditures \$ 23,719,021 \$ 23,016,575 9,485,721 9,475,316 310,927 298,536 412,513 403,447 164,505 164,506 2,315,930 1,976,879 1,321,010 1,342,042 2,891,384 2,962,388 817,831 689,880	Original Budget Actual Expenditures Positive (Negative) \$ 23,719,021 \$ 23,016,575 \$ 702,446 9,485,721 9,475,316 10,405 310,927 298,536 12,391 412,513 403,447 9,066 164,505 164,506 (1) 2,315,930 1,976,879 339,051 1,321,010 1,342,042 (21,032) 2,891,384 2,962,388 (71,004) 817,831 689,880 127,951

		Original Budget	Actual Expenditures	Variance Positive (Negative)	Percent Change
Instructional Services (cont'd):					
Operation and maintenance of plant	2600	4,866,411	4,968,424	(102,013)	-2.1%
Student transportation services	2700	2,916,485	2,804,577	111,908	3.8%
Central services	2800	1,071,885	1,119,504	(47,619)	-4.4%
Other support services	2900	62,851	65,880	(3,029)	-4.8%
Student activities	3200	1,176,043	1,120,993	55,050	4.7%
Community services	3300	2,500	486	2,014	80.6%
Nonrecurring	4600	215,000	252,079	(37,079)	-17.2%
Debt service	5100	6,523,892	6,926,959	(403,067)	-6.2%
Refund of prior year receipts	5130	300,000	300,104	(104)	-0.0%
Interfund transfers	5200	15,000	914,575	(899,575)	-5997.2%
		\$ 59,465,375	\$ 59,646,667	\$ (181,292)	-0.30%

Below is a summary of the significant changes from the original budget to the actual expenditures.

		Original Budget	Actual	(Hi	\$ Lower igher) than Original Budget	Diff %
Regular programs	1100	\$ 23,719,021	\$ 23,016,575	\$	702,446	3.0%
Pupil personnel	2100	2,315,930	1,976,879		339,051	14.6%
Administrative services	2300	2,891,384	2,962,388		(71,004)	-2.5%
Pupil health	2400	817,831	689,880		127,951	15.6%
Operation and maintenance of plant	2600	4,866,411	4,968,424		(102,013)	-2.1%
Student transportation services	2700	2,916,485	2,804,577		111,908	3.8%
Debt service	5100	6,523,892	6,926,959		(403,067)	-6.2%
Interfund transfers	5200	15,000	914,575		(899,575)	-5997.2%
Summary of significant spending cha	nges	\$ 44,065,954	\$ 44,260,257	\$	(194,303)	-0.4%

Regular programs (1100) were lower than the budget because positions that were budgeted became vacant during the year and were not filled, and prescription rates came in lower than budgeted. Pupil personnel (2100) was lower because salaries that were budgeted to this category were reclassified to the 2200 category. Legal fees for special education and settlements of outstanding SRS project litigation resulted in expenditures for administrative services (2300) exceeding the budget. Pupil health (2400) experienced less need for medical services than expected. Expenditures for utilities related to the Strath Haven Middle School project (\$88,787) and payment of the balance of a lease (\$31,564) caused operation and maintenance of plant (2600) to exceed the original budget. Student transportation (2700) costs came in under budget because fuel costs were less than expected. Debt service (5100) expenditures were higher than the budget because of interest on the SWAP (\$256,903) and the pay-off of the lease for energy management (\$178,645). An unbudgeted transfer to capital reserve (5200) in the amount of \$900,000 caused the transfers to exceed the budget.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

As of June 30, 2009, the District had \$75 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and furniture and equipment.

Table 4 Investment in Capital Assets June 30, 2009 and 2008 Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	June 30, 2009	June 30, 2008
Land and land improvements	\$ 128,010	\$ 128,010
Building and building improvements, net of accumulated depreciation	36,971,086	38,108,225
Furniture and equipment, net of accumulated Depreciation	2,549,758	2,532,730
Construction-in-progress	35,543,964	12,680,380
Total	\$ 75,192,818	\$ 53,449,345

As of July 1, 2008, the District had total outstanding bond and note principal of \$82,579,000 and capital lease obligations of \$248,016. During the year, the District made bond and note principal payments of \$2,818,000 and capital lease payments of \$248,016.

Table 5 Outstanding Debt As of June 30, 2009 and 2008

	June 30, 2009	June 30, 2008
General Obligation Bonds:		
Series of 2008	\$ 39,730,000	\$ 39,930,000
Series of 2007A	9,355,000	9,780,000
Series of 2007	7,355,000	8,250,000
Series of 2006	10,000,000	10,000,000
Series of 2005	10,690,000	11,160,000
Series of 2004	2,631,000	2,819,000
Series of 2003	<u></u>	640,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$ 79,761,000	\$ 82,579,000
Capital Leases Payable:		
Old National Leasing - Energy Mgt	\$ -	\$ 204,554
Old National Leasing - Nifty Lift	-	40,257
First Lease - Piano	<u> </u>	3,205
Total Capital Leases Payable	\$ -	\$ 248,016

Other obligations include accrued vacation pay and sick leave for specific employees of the District. More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is included in Note 7 to the financial statements.

EXTERNAL ECONOMIC FACTORS:

ACT 1

Act 1 of 2006 has changed the way schools are funded. The law mandated the appointment of a Local Tax Study Commission ("LTSC") whose charge is to review the current tax structure and district demographics to formulate a recommendation for a personal income tax or an earned income tax to replace some of the District's real estate taxes through a homestead/farmstead exclusion. The Local Tax Study Commission recommended a .8 percent personal income tax. The Board was then required to either accept or reject the LTSC's recommendation. The Board accepted the LTSC's recommendation and approved the question to be placed on the May ballot. The voters rejected the referendum issue in the May 2007 primary. A new LTSC cannot be convened until September 2010. Act 1 also accelerated the budget schedule and subjected all districts to a state calculated index. The District's index for 2008-2009 was 4.4 percent. The Act provided for some exceptions which are required either to be approved by the Court of Common Pleas or the Pennsylvania Department of Education. The District utilized \$635,147 of exceptions in the 2008-2009 budget. There is also a provision for the districts to receive Sterling tax credits and state gaming funds as they become available. The consequences of the Act for districts included increased costs for mailing; for LTSC expenses; and for new software for the offering of installment tax payments which had the potential to alter traditional cash flows used to determine investments, and thus interest earned. The Board accepted installment payments due August 31, September 30 and October 31 which had little affect on cash flows. The District budget must be prepared without the knowledge of federal or state revenues for the following year. During 2008-2009 the District received \$1,838,038 in state property tax reduction funds.

Common Level Ratio

The Common Level Ratio in Delaware County has dropped to 58.3 percent for the 2009 tax year. When the Common Level Ratio drops below 85 percent, the probability of assessment appeals by taxpayers is increased. The problem can be solved only by a county-wide reassessment which the District has no power to mandate. For 2010, the Common Level Ratio increases to 61.3 percent.

General Obligation Bond Rating

The 2009 bond issue was rated by Moody's (see paragraph below.)

Moody's Investor Service has assigned to the Bonds a short-term rating of "VMIG1" with the understanding that a required Liquidity Facility will be delivered on the date the Bonds are issued, and a long-term rating of "Aaa," with the understanding that the Municipal Bond Insurance policy will be issued and delivered by FSA on the date the Bonds are issued.

At closing, the conditions were met.

Energy Costs

Pennsylvania rate caps for electricity for the District area will expire in January 2011.

INTERNAL ECONOMIC FACTORS:

Impact on Budget Development

Immediate and envisioned District disbursements, projected over a five-year period, are and will continue to be impacted by unfunded state and federal mandates, strategic planning, special education costs and long-range facilities and capital improvements.

lilegal Spot Assessments

Spot assessment litigation involved four individual tax assessment appeals filed by taxpayers for which they were seeking to certify a class of similarly situated taxpayers in Rose Valley Borough and Nether Providence Township. There are a large number of taxpayers in the class that is being sought to be certified. The suit alleged that there was an illegal change in the assessment of the properties in the class in 1969. A settlement has been reached. Under the tentative settlement, the total obligation of the District is approximately \$1,800,000 over a six-year period (about \$300,000 per year) beginning in July 2005 in the form of refunds.

Strath Haven Middle School

The project completion is projected for August 2010.

Budget 2009-2010

The revenue budget for fiscal year 2009-2010 includes a property tax increase of .996 mils (a 2.8 percent increase) from 35.57 mils in Nether Providence and Rose Valley and 35.976 mils in Swarthmore & Rutledge to 36.566 mils in Nether Providence and Rose Valley and 36.988 mils in Swarthmore and Rutledge. The difference in the millage rates is the result of municipal participation in the Community College. Total budgeted revenue for fiscal year 2009-2010 is \$60,592,611.

The Board of School Directors approved the property tax increase in order to meet the projected expenditure increase of \$1,341,736 over the prior year's budgeted expenditures. Total budgeted expenditures for fiscal year 2009-2010 are \$61,607,111.

Employee wages and benefits are projected to increase by \$1,820,489 due to contractual wage increases, healthcare premium increases.

The unreserved fund balance will absorb \$1,015,000 of the budgeted shortfall in general fund revenues over expenditures for fiscal year 2009-2010. The budgeted projected general fund unreserved fund balance as of June 30, 2010 is \$4,666,878.

PUBLIC ACCESS TO DISTRICT FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Our financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, students, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the Board's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or wish to request additional financial information, please contact the Business Administrator, 200 South Providence Road, Wallingford, PA 19086, (610) 892-3470, ext. 1301.

WALLINGFORD-SWARTHMORE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2009

(With Summarized Comparative Data for June 30, 2008)

	Governmental	Business-type	То	tals
	Activities	Activities	2009	2008
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 30,679,763	\$ 61,141	\$ 30,740,904	\$ 46,312,535
Taxes receivable	1,499,442	-	1,499,442	1,652,246
Due from other governments	1,022,567	34,517	1,057,084	825,931
Other receivables	469,245	2,621	471,866	449,803
Inventories	<u>-</u>	-	-	15,985
Internal balances	(1,098)	1,098	.	-
Prepaid expenses	11,348	•	11,348	11,520
Other assets	12,000	-	12,000	12,000
Issuance costs	643,956	-	643,956	750,832
Land	128,010	-	128,010	128,010
Construction-in-progress	35,543,964	-	35,543,964	12,680,380
Buildings and improvements	54,538,163	- 	54,538,163	55,706,758
Furniture and equipment	8,663,030	536,795	9,199,825	8,741,745
Accumulated depreciation	(23,878,421)	(338,723)	(24,217,144)	(23,807,548)
TOTAL ASSETS	\$109,331,969	\$ 297,449	\$109,629,418	\$103,480,197
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 2,305,942	\$ 84,214	\$ 2,390,156	\$ 1,665,714
Accrued salaries and benefits	1,017,119	-	1,017,119	1,056,346
Other liabilities	90,684	-	90,684	96,458
Accrued interest payable	212,976	•	212,976	307,244
Deferred revenues	150,680	16,505	167,185	185,662
Long-term liabilities				
Portion due or payable within one year:				
Bonds payable	2,805,000	=	2,805,000	2,630,000
Add: Bond premium	-	-		14,191
Less: Deferred amount on refunding	(30,518)	-	(30,518)	(80,212)
Less: Bond discount	(28,595)	-	(28,595)	(28,595)
Note payable	195,000	-	195,000	188,000
Capital leases payable	-	-	-	80,243
Accumulated compensated absences/	444 505		144 505	400,000
early retirement incentive	144,565	-	144,565	126,000
Judgment payable	380,565	-	380,565	390,000
Portion due or payable after one year:	74 225 000		74 225 000	77 120 000
Bonds payable	74,325,000	-	74,325,000	77,130,000 (30,521)
Less: Deferred amount on refunding Less: Bond discount	(301,191)	_	(301,191)	(329,777)
Note payable	2,436,000	-	2,436,000	2,631,000
Capital leases payable	2,430,000	_	2,400,000	167,773
Accumulated compensated absences/	_		_	107,770
early retirement incentive	885,533	-	885,533	758,203
Other post-employment benefits	231,007		231,007	700,200
Judgment payable	300,000	_	300,000	600,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	85,119,767	100,719	85,220,486	87,557,729
NET ASSETS	44 450 554	400.070	44 040 000	7.044.400
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	11,150,554	198,072	11,348,626	7,944,486
Restricted for capital	6,262,642	- (1,342)	6,262,642	1,395,295
Unrestricted	6,799,006		6,797,664	6,582,687
TOTAL NET ASSETS	24,212,202	196,730	24,408,932	15,922,468
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$109,331,969	\$ 297,449	\$109,629,418_	\$103,480,197

WALLINGFORD-SWARTHMORE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

(With Summarized Comparative Data for the Year Ended June 30, 2008)

		Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets				
			Operating	Capital		Business-		
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	type		tals
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	2009	2008
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					* (*** * (* * * ***)			A (
Instruction	\$34,559,299	\$ 89,168	\$4,456,234	\$ -	\$ (30,013,897)	\$ -	\$ (30,013,897)	\$ (27,512,760)
Instructional student support Administrative and financial	4,055,600	_	377,282	-	(3,678,318)	-	(3,678,318)	(3,427,298)
support services	4,887,014		159,710		(4,727,304)		(4,727,304)	(4,926,002)
Operation and maintenance of	4,007,014	-	159,710	-	(4,121,304)	-	(4,121,304)	(4,520,002)
plant services	5,156,796	_	168,526	_	(4,988,270)	_	(4,988,270)	(5,249,385)
Pupil transportation	2,925,467	_	745,902		(2,179,565)	_	(2,179,565)	(2,106,069)
Student activities	1,166,701	55,881	38,128	-	(1,072,692)	-	(1,072,692)	(975,444)
Community services	486	374,436	-		373,950	_	373,950	578,242
Interest on long-term debt	3,990,136	-	485,951	<u>.</u>	(3,504,185)	_	(3,504,185)	(2,210,223)
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	56,741,499	519,485	6,431,733		(49,790,281)		(49,790,281)	(45,828,939)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES								
Food service	1,198,608	882,819	272,843			(42,946)	(42,946)	(84,645)
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	1,198,608	882,819	272,843		-	(42,946)	(42,946)	(84,645)
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$57,940,107	\$1,402,304	\$6,704,576	\$ -	(49,790,281)	(42,946)	(49,833,227)	(45,913,584)
		GENERAL RE			40.070.700		40.070.700	45 400 507
			, levied for genera		46,972,733	-	46,972,733	45,182,597
			or specific purpose		641,414	-	641,414	743,334
			titlements not resti	ricted to	4,886,769		4,886,769	2,969,481
		specific prog Investment ea			1,460,385	-	1,460,385	1,367,629
		Transfers	migs		(14,575)	14,575	1,400,505	1,001,025
		Gain on sale o	f accete		3,911,767	14,010	3,911,767	_
		Miscellaneous	1 433013		446,623	_	446,623	522,165
			RAL REVENUES		58,305,116	14,575	58,319,691	50,785,206
		CHANGE IN N	ET ASSETS		8,514,835	(28,371)	8,486,464	4,871,622
		NET ASSETS,	BEGINNING OF	YEAR	15,697,367	225,101	15,922,468	11,050,846
		NET ASSETS,	END OF YEAR		\$ 24,212,202	\$ 196,730	\$ 24,408,932	\$ 15,922,468

WALLINGFORD-SWARTHMORE SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

(With Summarized Comparative Data for June 30, 2008)

		Major Funds			
	Caranal	Capital	Capital	Т-	Anlo
	General	Reserve	Projects		tals
ASSETS	Fund	Fund	Fund	2009	2008
	e 700E con	¢ 0.000.640	<u> </u>	f 20 670 763	¢ 46 040 745
Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable	\$ 7,205,698	\$ 6,262,642	\$ 17,211,422	\$ 30,679,762	\$ 46,242,715
	1,499,442	-	- 00.000	1,499,442	1,652,246
Due from other funds	16,500	-	82,696	99,196	9,068
Due from other governments	1,022,567	-	-	1,022,567	798,980
Other receivables	469,245	-	-	469,245	455,331
Prepaid expenses	11,349	-	-	11,349	11,520
Other assets	12,000		<u> </u>	12,000	12,000
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 10,236,801	\$ 6,262,642	\$ 17,294,118	\$ 33,793,561	\$ 49,181,860
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES:					
Accounts payable	\$ 584,828	\$ -	\$ 1,721,114	\$ 2,305,942	\$ 1,569,802
Due to other funds	83,794	-	16,500	100,294	5,528
Accrued salaries and benefits	1,017,119	-	-	1,017,119	1,056,346
Deferred revenues	1,420,030	-	-	1,420,030	1,164,174
Judgment payable	380,565	-	-	380,565	390,000
Other current liabilities	90,684	-	-	90,684	96,458
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,577,020		1,737,614	5,314,634	4,282,308
FUND BALANCES:					
Reserved for capital	_	6,262,642	15,556,504	21,819,146	39,200,749
Unreserved	6,659,781	-,,- · -		6,659,781	5,698,803
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	6,659,781	6,262,642	15,556,504	28,478,927	44,899,552
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$ 10,236,801</u>	\$ 6,262,642	\$ 17,294,118	<u>\$ 33,793,561</u>	\$ 49,181,860

WALLINGFORD-SWARTHMORE SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2009

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES

\$ 28,478,927

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of:

Land	\$ 128,010	
Buildings and improvements	54,538,163	
Furniture and equipment	8,663,030	
Construction-in-progress	35,543,964	
Accumulated depreciation	(23,878,421)	74,994,746

Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of:

Bonds payable	(77,130,000)	
Note payable	(2,631,000)	
Accumulated compensated absences/early retirement incentive	(1,030,098)	
Accrued interest payable	(212,976)	
Post-employment benefits payable	(231,007)	
Judgment payable	(300,000)	(81,535,081)

Refunded debt and bond issuance costs resulted in deferred charges and credits which will be amortized over the life of new debt but do not represent current rights.

1,004,260

Some of the District's revenues will be collected after year end but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.

1,269,350

NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$ 24,212,202

WALLINGFORD-SWARTHMORE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

(With Summarized Comparative Data for the Year Ended June 30, 2008)

		Major Funds			
		Capital	Capital	_	
	General	Reserve	Projects		als
	Fund	Fund	Fund	2009	2008
REVENUES					A 15 575 155
Local sources	\$ 49,136,781	\$ 43,073	\$ 722,897	\$ 49,902,751	\$ 48,876,182
State sources	10,202,194	-	-	10,202,194	8,293,512
Federal sources	1,053,028	-		1,053,028	1,193,506
TOTAL REVENUES	60,392,003	43,073	722,897	61,157,973	58,363,200
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Instruction	33,358,380	-	-	33,358,380	31,961,297
Support services	16,773,091	-	_	16,773,091	17,299,004
Operation of noninstructional services	1,121,479	_	-	1,121,479	1,073,406
Capital outlay	252,079	-	22,971,846	23,223,925	9,981,445
Debt service	6,926,959	-	· -	6,926,959	5,143,741
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	58,431,988		22,971,846	81,403,834	65,458,893
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITÚRES	1,960,015	43,073	(22,248,949)	(20,245,861)	(7,095,693)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	-	900,000	-	900,000	743,235
Transfers out	(914,575)	-	-	(914,575)	(775,604)
Refund of prior year expenditures	215,642	-	-	215,642	(356,382)
Refund of prior year receipts	(300,104)		-	(300,104)	-
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		3,924,273	-	3,924,273	-
Issuance of debt		_ _	<u> </u>		40,000,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(999,037)	4,824,273	_	3,825,236	39,611,249
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	960,978	4,867,346	(22,248,949)	(16,420,625)	32,515,556
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	5,698,803	1,395,296	37,805,453	44,899,552	12,383,996
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 6,659,781	\$ 6,262,642	\$ 15,556,504	\$ 28,478,927	\$ 44,899,552

WALLINGFORD-SWARTHMORE SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ (16,420,625)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures recorded as either District-wide (capital outlay) or function-specific (i.e. instruction, pupil services). However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays (\$23,486,763) exceeded depreciation (\$1,706,324) in the period.	21,780,439
Gain on sale of fixed assets	(12,506)
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the District's fiscal year ends, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds. Deferred tax revenues increased by this amount this year.	285,631
Governmental funds report debt retirement, issuance costs, bond discounts and deferred amounts on refunding as expenditures and bond premiums as revenue. However, these amounts are reported on the statement of net assets as deferred charges and credits and are amortized over the life of the debt. This is the amount by which current issuance costs and bond discounts exceeded net amortization.	2,864,530
In the statement of activities, certain operating expensescompensated absences (vacations and sick leave) and special termination benefits (early retirement)are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). This is the amount by which compensated absences and special termination benefits paid exceeded amounts earned.	(145,895)
Post-employment benefits	(231,007)
Some expenses require the use of current financial resources but have been reported in the statement of activities in prior years, and therefore are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds only.	300,000
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.	94,268
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 8,514,835

WALLINGFORD-SWARTHMORE SCHOOL DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Pudantad	l Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	(Negative)
REVENUES	<u> </u>		70,011 200.07	(Troganto)
Local sources	\$ 49,182,009	\$ 48,460,097	\$ 49,136,781	\$ 676,684
State sources	9,868,616	10,059,837	10,202,194	142,357
Federal sources	414,750	956,937	1,053,028	96,091
TOTAL REVENUES	59,465,375	59,476,871	60,392,003	915,132
EVENDITUES				
EXPENDITURES Instruction:				
Regular programs	23,719,021	23,926,198	23,016,575	909,623
Special programs	9,485,721	9,484,309	9,475,316	8,993
Vocational programs	310,927	310,927	298,536	12,391
Other instructional programs	412,512	453,391	403,447	49,944
Other adult education programs	164,506	164,506	164,506	70,074
Total Instruction	34,092,687	34,339,331	33,358,380	980,951
Support services:	0 1,002,001	0 1,000,001	00,000,000	
Pupil personnel services	2,315,930	2,306,949	1,976,879	330,070
Instructional staff services	1,321,010	1,315,755	1,342,042	(26,287)
Administrative services	2,891,384	2,879,345	2,962,388	(83,043)
Pupil health	817,831	816,031	689,880	126,151
Business services	876,466	879,498	843,517	35,981
Operation and maintenance of plant services	4,866,411	4,857,558	4,968,424	(110,866)
Student transportation services	2,916,485	2,914,455	2,804,577	109,878
Central and other support services	1,071,885	1,096,202	1,119,504	(23,302)
Other support services	62,851	62,851	65,880	(3,029)
Total Support Services	17,140,253	17,128,644	16,773,091	355,553
Operation of noninstructional activities:				
Student activities	1,176,043	1,168,970	1,120,993	47,977
Community services	2,500	486	486	-
Total Operation of Noninstructional Services	1,178,543	1,169,456	1,121,479	47,977
Capital outlay	215,000	216,190	252,079	(35,889)
Debt service	6,823,892	6,823,892	6,926,959	(103,067)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	59,450,375	59,677,513	58,431,988	1,245,525
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	15,000	(200,642)	1,960,015	2,160,657
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	10,000	(200,042)	1,500,010	2,100,007
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	-	_	-	.
Transfers out	(15,000)	(15,000)	(914,575)	(899,575)
Refund of prior year expenditures	-		215,642	215,642
Refund of prior year receipts	-	-	(300,104)	(300,104)
Budgetary reserve	(800,000)	(800,000)	-	800,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	(815,000)	(815,000)	(999,037)	(184,037)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(800,000)	(1,015,642)	960,978	1,976,620
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	5,698,803	5,698,803	5,698,803	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 4,898,803	\$ 4,683,161	\$ 6,659,781	\$ 1,976,620
1 SITE BALLITOL, LITE OF TEAT	ψ 1,550,000			Ţ.,5,0,0 <u>20</u>

WALLINGFORD-SWARTHMORE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2009

(With Comparative Data for June 30, 2008)

	Major Fund		
		vice Fund	
	2009	2008	
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 61,141	\$ 69,820	
Other receivables	2,621	-	
Due from other funds	1,098	-	
Due from other governments	34,517	26,951	
Inventories		_15,985	
Total Current Assets	99,377	112,756	
CAPITAL ASSETS:			
Furniture and equipment	536,795	531,583	
Accumulated depreciation	(338,723)	(309,051)	
Capital Assets, Net	198,072	222,532	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 297,449	\$ 335,288	
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS			
CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable	\$ 84,214	\$ 95,912	
Deferred revenue	16,505	5,207	
Due to other funds	· -	9,068	
Total Current Liabilities	100,719	110,187	
NET ASSETS:			
Invested in net assets, net of related debt	198,072	222,532	
Unrestricted	(1,342)	2,569	
Total Net Assets	196,730	225,101	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 297,449	\$ 335,288	

WALLINGFORD-SWARTHMORE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

(With Comparative Data for the Year Ended June 30, 2008)

	Major Fund		
	Food Service	e Fund	
	2009	2008	
OPERATING REVENUES			
Food service revenues	<u>\$ 882,819</u>	\$ 810,684	
Total Operating Revenues	882,819	810,684	
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Contract services	515,625	474,366	
Supplies	616,535	547,975	
Depreciation	29,672	30,177	
Other operating expenses	36,776	39,363	
Total Operating Expenses	1,198,608	1,091,881	
OPERATING LOSS	(315,789)	(281,197)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES			
State sources	25,551	23,307	
Federal sources	247,292	173,245	
Total Nonoperating Revenues	272,843	196,552	
LOSS BEFORE TRANSFERS	(42,946)	(84,645)	
Transfers in	14,575	32,369	
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(28,371)	(52,276)	
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	225,101	277,377	
NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	\$ 196,730	\$ 225,101	

WALLINGFORD-SWARTHMORE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

(With Comparative Data for the Year Ended June 30, 2008)

	Major Fund	
	Food Serv	
·	2009	2008
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from customers Payments for contract services Payments to suppliers Payments for other operating expenses	\$ 891,496 (515,625) (549,976) (36,776)	\$ 833,122 (474,366) (461,365) (39,363)
NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(210,881)	(141,972)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: State sources Federal sources Transfer from general fund NET CASH PROVIDED BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	25,263 167,576 14,575 207,414	23,307 143,028 32,369 198,704
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Facilities acquisitions/construction/improvements NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(5,212) (5,212)	(6,003) (6,003)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(8,679)	50,729
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	69,820	19,091
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 61,141	\$ 69,820
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used by operating activities:	\$ (315,789)	\$ (281,197)
Depreciation	29,672	30,177
Donated commodities (Increase) decrease in:	72,438	30,217
Other recevables Inventories Due from other governments Due from other funds	(2,621) 15,985 - (1,098)	22,438 11,955 (165) 762
Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable Deferred revenue Due to other funds NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(11,698) 11,298 (9,068) \$ (210,881)	34,773 9,068 \$ (141,972)
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE:		
NONCASH NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITY:		
USDA donated commodities	<u>\$ 72,438</u>	\$ 30,217

WALLINGFORD-SWARTHMORE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

ASSETS	Private - Purpose Trust	Agency
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 72,690	\$ 127,394
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 72,690	\$ 127,394
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Due to other funds Total Liabilities	\$ - 2,133 2,133	\$ 127,394 - 127,394
NET ASSETS: Reserved for trust	70,557	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 72,690	\$ 127,394

WALLINGFORD-SWARTHMORE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

(With Comparative Data for the Year Ended June 30, 2008)

	Private-Purpose Trust	
	2009	2008
ADDITIONS		
Local contributions	\$ 3,076	\$ 5,158
TOTAL ADDITIONS	3,076	5,158
DEDUCTIONS		
Fees paid and scholarships awarded	5,052	4,870
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	5,052	4,870
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(1,976)	288
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	72,533	72,245
NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	\$ 70,557	\$ 72,533

WALLINGFORD-SWARTHMORE SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Wallingford-Swarthmore School District (the "District") operates three elementary schools, one middle school and one senior high school to provide education and related services to the residents of Swarthmore, Rutledge and Rose Valley Boroughs and Nether Providence Township. The District operates under current standards prescribed by the Pennsylvania Department of Education in accordance with the provisions of the School Laws of Pennsylvania as a school district of the third class. The District operates under a locally elected nine-member Board form of government.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the authoritative standard-setting body for the establishment of governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Reporting Entity

GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, established the criteria for determining the activities, organizations and functions of government to be included in the financial statements of the reporting entity. In evaluating the District as a reporting entity, management has addressed all potential component units which may or may not fall within the District's financial accountability. The criteria used to evaluate component units for possible inclusion as part of the District's reporting entity are financial accountability and the nature and significance of the relationship. The District is considered to be an independent reporting entity and has no component units.

Basis of Presentation

Entity-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements distinguish between activities that are governmental and those that are considered business-type. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The entity-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as further defined under proprietary funds below. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the entity-wide statements and the statements of governmental funds.

The entity-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses and program revenues for each function of the business-type activities of the District and for each governmental program. Expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service or

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

program and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Except for interfund activity and balances between the funds that underlie governmental activities and the funds that underlie business-type activities, which are reported as transfers and internal balances, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The entity-wide financial statements report net assets in one of three components: invested in net assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowings attributable to acquiring, constructing or improving those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Those restrictions affect net assets arising from the capital projects fund. Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted."

Fund Financial Statements

During the school year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Fiduciary fund financial statements are presented by fund type.

Governmental Funds

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable. The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The Capital Reserve Fund and the Capital Projects Fund are used to account for the acquisition, construction and renovation of major capital facilities and their related capital assets.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

Revenue Recognition

In applying the "susceptible to accrual concept" under the modified accrual basis, revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers tax revenue to be available if collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal period. Revenue from federal, state and other grants designated for payment of specific District expenditures is recognized when the related expenditures are incurred; accordingly, when such funds are received, they are reported as deferred revenues until earned.

Other revenues, including certain other charges for services and miscellaneous revenues, are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

Expenditure Recognition

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Most expenditures are measurable and are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, principal and interest on general long-term debt, which has not matured, are recognized when paid. Liabilities for compensated absences and special termination benefits are recognized as fund liabilities to the extent they mature each period. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds account for operations that are primarily financed by user charges. The economic resource focus concerns determining costs as a means of maintaining the capital investment and management control. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred. Allocations of certain costs, such as depreciation, are recorded in proprietary funds. The District does not attempt to allocate all "building-wide costs" to the proprietary fund. Thus, general fund expenditures which partially benefit the enterprise fund (utilities, janitorial services, insurance, etc.) are not proportionately recognized with the enterprise fund. Similarly, the proprietary fund does not recognize a cost for the building space it occupies.

These funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's proprietary fund are food service charges. Operating expenses for the District's proprietary fund include food production costs, supplies and administrative costs. All revenues or expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTE 1 <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (cont'd)

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989 are followed in both the entity-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of GASB. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The District has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds account for the assets held by the District as a trustee or agent for individuals, private organization and/or governmental units and are, therefore, not available to support the District's own programs. The District accounts for these assets in a private-purpose trust and agency fund. The private-purpose trust fund accounts for activities in various scholarship accounts, whose sole purpose is to provide annual scholarships to particular students as described by donor stipulations. The agency fund accounts for funds held on behalf of students of the District. The measurement focus and basis of accounting for the private-purpose trust is the same as for proprietary funds, while the agency fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the entity-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

The District experiences very small losses from uncollectible property taxes. Property taxes constitute a lien against real property and usually can be collected in full when title transfers. Only balances that remain after tax sales are written off each year. Accordingly, an allowance for doubtful accounts has not been established by the District for property taxes receivable.

Property Taxes

Taxes are levied on July 1 and are payable in the following periods:

July 1 - August 31

Discount period, 2% of gross levy

September 1 - October 31

Face Period

November 1 to collection

Penalty Period, 10% of gross levy

February 28

Lien Date

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

Real estate taxes for the District are collected from the Township of Nether Providence and the Borough of Rose Valley. The tax on real estate for public school purposes for fiscal 2008-2009 was 35.57 mills (\$35.57 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation) as levied by the Board. Real estate taxes also are collected from the Boroughs of Rutledge and Swarthmore, and their tax on real estate for public school purposes for fiscal 2008-2009 was 35.98 mills (\$35.98 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation) as levied by the Board. Assessed valuations of property are determined by the Delaware County Board of Assessments, and the District is responsible for collection.

Prepaid Items and Inventories

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

All inventories are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the entity-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000, composite assets of more than \$10,000 and critical control assets as defined by District policy. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the lives of the assets are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed, inclusive of ancillary costs.

Property, plant and equipment of the District is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

School buildings 40 years
Equipment 5-20 years
Vehicles 7-15 years
Library books 7 years

Compensated Absences

District policies permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, personal and sick days as stipulated in each bargaining unit's contract. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term debt in the entity-wide financial statements. The current portion of this debt is based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

Long-term Obligations

In the entity-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt. Deferred amounts on refunding are recorded as a decrease to debt payable and amortized over the life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. All amounts are amortized using the straight-line method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received and discounts paid on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources and uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures, except for refundings paid from proceeds which are reported as other financing uses.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Comparative Data

Comparative totals for the prior year have been presented in the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the District's financial position and operations. Certain amounts presented in the prior year have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation. However, presentation of prior year totals by fund and activity type have not been presented in each of the statements since their inclusion would make the statements unduly complex and difficult to read. Summarized comparative information should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2008, from which the comparative data was derived.

Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

An annual budget is adopted prior to the beginning of each year for the general fund on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The general fund is the only fund for which a budget is legally required, although project-length financial plans are adopted for all capital projects funds.

The District is required to publish notice by advertisement at least once in two newspapers of general circulation in the municipalities in which it is located, and within 20 days of final action, that the proposed budget has been prepared and is available for public inspection at the administrative offices of the District. Notice that public hearings will be held on the proposed operating budget must be included in the advertisement; such hearings are required to be scheduled at least 10 days prior to when final action on adoption is taken by the Board.

Legal budgetary control is maintained at the sub-function/major object level. The Board may make transfers of funds appropriated to any particular item of expenditure by legislative action in accordance with the Pennsylvania School Code. Management may amend the budget at the sub-function/sub-object level without Board approval. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period. Budgetary information reflected in the financial statements is presented at or below the level of budgetary control and include the effect of approved budget amendments.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

The following general fund functions incurred expenditures in excess of appropriations in the following amounts for the year ended June 30, 2009:

Instructional staff services	\$ 26,287
Administrative services	\$ 83,043
Operation and maintenance	\$ 110,866
Central and other support services	\$ 23,302
Other support services	\$ 3,029
Capital outlay	\$ 35,889
Debt service	\$ 103,067
Transfers out	\$ 899,575
Refund of prior year receipts	\$ 300,104

The excess of expenditures over appropriations was financed by current year revenue sources.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS

Statutes authorize the District to invest in U.S. Treasury bills, time or share accounts of institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance corporation or in certificates of deposit when they are secured by proper bond or collateral, repurchase agreements, State Treasurer's investment pool or mutual funds.

NOTE 3 <u>DEPOSITS</u> (cont'd)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2009, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$30,940,988 and the bank balance was \$31,513,972. Of the bank balance, \$279,997 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$293,152 was exposed to custodial credit risk because, in accordance with Act 72 of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, it was uninsured and the collateral held by the depository's agent was not in the District's name. The remaining cash deposits of the District are in the Pennsylvania School District Liquid Asset Fund ("PSDLAF") and the Pennsylvania Local Government Investment Trust ("PLGIT"). Although not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and not subject to regulatory oversight, PSDLAF and PLGIT act like money market mutual funds in that their objective is to maintain a stable net asset value of \$1 per share, is rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization and is subject to an independent annual audit. As of June 30, 2009, PSDLAF and PLGIT were rated as AAA by a nationally recognized statistical rating agency.

NOTE 4 <u>DEFERRED REVENUES</u>

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, deferred revenue reported in the governmental funds resulted from delinquent property taxes receivable, federal grants received that have not satisfied eligibility requirements and revenue received but not yet earned.

Deferred revenue in the entity-wide financial statements represents resources that have been received but not yet earned.

NOTE 5 <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2009 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Government-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 128,010	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 128,010
Construction-in-progress	12,680,380	22,863,584		35,543,964
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	12,808,390	22,863,584	-	35,671,974
Capital assets being depreciated:	-			
Buildings and improvements	55,706,758	141,750	1,310,345	54,538,163
Furniture and equipment	8,210,162	481,429	28,561	8,663,030
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	63,916,920	623,179	1,338,906	63,201,193
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	17,598,533	1,271,052	1,302,508	17,567,077
Furniture and equipment	5,899,964	435,272	23,892	6,311,344
Total accumulated depreciation	23,498,497	1,706,324	1,326,400	23,878,421
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	40,418,423	(1,113,145)	12,506	39,322,772
Governmental Activities, Net	\$53,226,813	\$21,780,439	\$ 12,506	\$74,994,746

NOTE 5 <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u> (cont'd)

,	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Furniture and equipment	531,583	\$ 5,212	\$ -	\$ 536,795
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	531,583	5,212	_	536,795
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Furniture and equipment	309,051	29,672	-	338,723
Total accumulated depreciation	309,051	29,672	-	338,723
Business-type Activities, Net	\$ 222,532	\$ (24,460)	\$ -	\$ 198,072

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

Governmental activities:

Instruction Instructional student support Administrative and financial support services Operation and maintenance of plant services Pupil transportation Student activities	\$ 1,094,387 140,703 172,062 166,624 95,808 36,740
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 1,706,324
Business-type Activities - Food Service	\$ 29,672

NOTE 6 <u>INTERNAL RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS</u>

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2009 is as follows:

Receivable To	Amount	Payable From	Amount
Capital Projects Fund	\$ 82,696	General Fund	\$ 82,696
Food Service	1,098	General Fund	1,098
General Fund	16,500	Capital Projects Fund	16,500
Total	\$ 100,294	Total	\$ 100,294

Interfund balances between funds represent temporary loans recorded at year end subsequent to a final allocation of expenses. The balances generally are paid shortly after year end.

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2009 are as follows:

<u>Transfer In</u>	<u>Transfer Out</u>	
Food Service Fund	General Fund	\$ 14,575
Capital Reserve Fund	General Fund	\$ 900,000

Transfers represent funds transferred from the General Fund to subsidize food service operations and funds set aside for capital needs.

NOTE 7 GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

The following summarizes the changes in the long-term liabilities of governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2009:

	Balance July 1, 2008	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2009
Bonds payable	\$ 79,760,000	\$ -	\$ 2,630,000	\$ 77,130,000
Note payable	2,819,000	-	188,000	2,631,000
Capital leases payable	248,016	_	248,016	
Deferred amount on			·	
Refunding	(110,733)	-	(80,215)	(30,518)
Bond premiums	14,191	-	14,191	•
Bond discounts	(358,372)	-	(28,586)	(329,786)
Accumulated	,		, , ,	` ' '
compensated absences/				
early retirement incentive	884,203	145,895		1,030,098
TOTALS	\$ 83,256,305	\$ 145,895	\$ 2,971,406	\$ 80,430,794

Payments of long-term debt are expected to be funded by the general fund.

General Obligation Bonds

Series of 2005, maturing through May 15, 2022, bearing interest ranging from 3.00% to 4.50%, interest payable semi-annually on May 15 and November 15.

\$ 10,690,000

Series of 2006, maturing through May 1, 2027, bearing interest at 4.375%, interest payable semi-annually on May 2 and November 2.

10,000,000

Series of 2008, maturing through May 15, 2016, bearing interest ranging from 3.85% to 5.25%, interest payable semi-annually on May 15 and November 15. The Series of 2008 was used to (1) advance refund the Series of 1997C and to (2) pay the costs of issuing the bonds.

7,355,000

Series of 2008A, maturing through May 15, 2016, bearing interest ranging from 3.60% to 3.80%, interest payable semi-annually on May 15 and November 15. The Series of 2008A was used to (1) advance refund the Series of 2002 and to (2) pay the costs of issuing the bonds.

9,355,000

Series of 2009, maturing through February 2026, bearing interest ranging from 1.41% to 3.0%, interest payable monthly on the 1st of each month. These bonds were entered into swap agreement during the year.

39,730,000

NOTE 7 GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT (cont'd)

General Obligation Note

Series of 2004, maturing through October 19, 2025, with interest at variable rates, interest payable on the 25th of each month. Interest rates change on a weekly basis and are determined by the Bond Market Association Index.

2,631,000

TOTAL

\$79,761,000

Presented below is a summary of debt service and lease requirements to maturity by years:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal Maturities	Interest Maturities	Total <u>Maturities</u>
2010	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 3,806,550	\$ 6,806,550
2011	3,118,000	3,664,330	6,782,330
2012	3,241,000	3,518,270	6,759,270
2013	3,369,000	3,363,768	6,732,768
2014	3,503,000	3,210,609	6,713,609
2015-2019	19,731,000	13,427,004	33,158,004
2020-2024	25,164,000	7,877,303	33,041,303
2025-2027	18,635,000	1,667,951	20,302,951
	\$ 79,761,000	\$ 40,535,785	\$ 120,296,785

NOTE 8 <u>DERIVATION INSTRUMENTS</u>

On June 20, 2006 the District entered into a forward starting, floating-for-fixed rate swap (the "Swap") with the Royal Bank of Canada (RBC) that relates to \$25,000,000 of the District's General Obligation Bonds, School Project Series ("Related Bonds"). The effective date of the swap was December 1, 2008 and the maturity date of the Swap is May 1, 2026. The Swap is structured with a declining notional (principle) amount which will mirror the principal amortization of the Related Bonds, thus creating a "synthetic fixed rate" liability for the District. The District pays to RBC a fixed rate of 4.0325 percent and receives from RBC 68 percent of the one-month London Interbank Offering Rate ("LIBOR").

The terms, market value and RBC credit ratings of the Swap as of June 30, 2009 are as follows:

Related Bonds	Notional	Effective	Variable Rate	Fixed Rate	Market	Termination	RBC Credit
	Amount	Date	Received	Paid	Value*	Date	Ratings
School Project Series	\$25,000,000	12/01/07	68% 1M LIBOR	4.0325%	\$(2.012.540)	05/01/2026	Aaa/AA-/AA

^{*} Market value from the District's perspective; positive values represent amounts in the District's favor and negative amounts represent amounts in the counterparty's favor. These values are estimates and are based on mid-market quotations and do not represent actual prices to unwind.

NOTE 8 <u>DERIVATION INSTRUMENTS</u> (cont'd)

Counterparty Risk

 Risk that the counterparty cannot make future payments or cannot make termination payment due to the District. Risk is reduced by selecting highly rated counterparty and by ISDA (International Swaps and Derivatives Association) contract terms addressing collateral limits and credit ratings.

Basis Risk

 Risk that the payment obligation on the District's leg of the swap or on its underlying bonds (the SIFMA index) will exceed the swap receipt (the % of LIBOR, plus a spread when applicable) due to a macro change in tax-exempt market or to a tax change event.

Tax Risk

 A form of basis risk – risk of higher tax-exempt interest rates (an increase in SIFMA Index) if tax law changes lower the taxation rate on interest income. In the extreme scenario, if a change in tax law eliminated tax-exempt status, the market would adjust "tax-exempt" security pricing so that there would be no material difference between the SIFMA Index and LIBOR.

Credit Risk

- Credit deterioration of the underlying bonds would result in basis risk discussed above when underlying bonds are in a variable rate mode.

Termination Risk

- Risk that the swap would be terminated at a time when prevailing market conditions resulted in a termination payment owed to the swap provider.

Rollover Risk

- Risk of extension if swap term is less than debt term and District desires to extend swap.

NOTE 9 PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The District contributes to the Public School Employees' Retirement System ("PSERS"), a governmental cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Public School Employees' Retirement System. The PSERS provides retirement and disability, legislatively mandated ad hoc cost-of-living adjustments and certain health care insurance premium assistance to plan members and beneficiaries. The Public School Employees' Retirement Code (Act No. 96, of October 2, 1975, as amended) provides the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The PSERS issues a comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. A copy of the report may be obtained by writing to Public School Employees' Retirement System, P.O. Box 125, Harrisburg, PA 17108-0125.

NOTE 9 PENSION PLAN (cont'd)

Funding Policy

The contribution policy is established in the Public School Employees' Retirement Code and requires contributions by active members, employers and the Commonwealth. Individual employees contribute between 6.25 and 7.5 percent of salary depending on their membership status. Contributions required of employers are based upon an actuarial valuation. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, the rate of employer contribution was 4.765 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions to PSERS for the years ended June 30, 2007, 2008 and 2009 were \$1,688,489, \$1,959,337 and \$1,372,993, respectively, equal to the required contribution for each year. The Commonwealth contributes to PSERS by reimbursing the District 50 percent of its contribution each year.

NOTE 10 JOINT VENTURES

The District participates in a joint venture with the other school districts of Delaware County, Pennsylvania in the operation of a Vocational-Technical School Authority ("DCVTSA"). The DCVTSA is governed by seven members. Each member must be a citizen of a school district where the DCVTSA leases a project. The DCVTSA oversees acquiring, holding, constructing, improving and maintaining the public area vocational-technical school buildings. The financial statements of the Vocational-Technical School Authority are available from the DCVTSA located at 200 Yale Avenue, Morton, Pennsylvania 19070.

The District also participates in a joint venture with other school districts of Delaware County, Pennsylvania to support the Delaware County Community College. The financial statements of the Community College Authority are available from the Delaware County Community College Authority ("DCCCA") located at 901 South Media Line Road, Media, Pennsylvania 19063.

The District has entered into lease agreements with the DCCCA and the DCVTSA to provide rental payments to retire the Authority's outstanding debt obligations. The lease agreements generally provide that in the event the individual Authorities either retire all of their outstanding obligations which were issued to finance school facilities construction or acquisition, or accumulate sufficient reserves to cover such obligations prior to the expiration of the applicable schedules, there will be no subsequently scheduled rental payments made. Inasmuch as the annual rentals include reserve funds which either are invested by Authorities or used for advance retirement of obligations, it is anticipated that less than scheduled rentals will eventually be paid.

Future Authority rental payments are:

Year Ending June 30,	_ DCCCA_	DCVTSA
2010	\$ 32,871	\$ 44,277
2011	32,721	44,183
2012	30,425	44,049
2013	28,092	43,876
2014	29,148	-
2015-2018	425,917	-
Totai	579,174	176,385
Less; Interest requirements	(195,395)	(10,950)
Outstanding rental payments	\$ 383,779	\$ 165,435

NOTE 11 OPERATING LEASES

The District is committed under various noncancelable operating leases, primarily for equipment and modulars. Future minimum operating lease commitments are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,

2010	\$ 624,037
2011	1,456,167
2012	76,169
2013	53,812
Total	\$2,210,185
ioidi	72,210,100

Rental expenditures were \$676,366 for the year ended June 30, 2009.

NOTE 12 SPECIAL TERMINATION BENEFITS

In prior years, the District has offered an Early Retirement Incentive Plan ("ERIP") to qualified employees contemplating retirement. Special termination benefits are formally approved by School Board action in the year the ERIP was implemented.

In order for an employee to retire and participate in a District-sponsored ERIP, the District must first decide whether or not to offer a special termination plan in the year the employee is retiring; the retiring employee must meet certain age and District service year requirements; a specified minimum number of employees must opt into the ERIP; and the retiring employee must be eligible to receive other pension benefits provided through the PSERS, described in Note 9. The District's various ERIP plans can provide for the payment of specific annuity amounts to the participating retiree; the payment of specified dollar amounts to be applied toward participating retiree healthcare premiums; or the payment of both a specified annuity amount and a healthcare premium amount for a limited number of years. The number of participants and the present value of those benefits as of June 30, 2009 are summarized below:

ERIP Began	<u>Participants</u>	Total	Annuity
July 1, 2006	14	\$ 252,000	\$ 252,000

During the year ended June 30, 2009, the cost of these benefits was \$135,639.

NOTE 13 POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN

Plan Description

Effective for the 2008-2009 fiscal year, the District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," for certain post-employment healthcare benefits and

NOTE 13 POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN (cont'd)

life insurance benefits provided by the District. This Statement generally provides for prospective implementation - i.e., that employers set the beginning net OPEB obligation at zero as of the beginning of the initial year. Accordingly, for financial reporting purposes, no liability is reported for the post-employment benefits liability at the date of transition.

The District's post-employment healthcare plan is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The plan provides medical insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. The Board of School Directors has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions through the collective bargaining process with members of the professional and support staff, an agreement with administrative employees, and individual employment contracts with certain employees. The plan does not issue any financial report and is not included in the report of any public employee retirement system or any other entity.

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the Board of School Directors. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with any additional amount to prefund as determined annually by the Board of School Directors. For fiscal year 2009, the District contributed \$136,484 to the plan. This amount represents the cost of medical expenses for retirees in excess of the amounts collected in premiums from retirees. Retirees paid 100 percent of the group premium, or \$345,872, in fiscal 2009.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual other post-employment benefit cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer ("ARC"), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the District's OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation to the plan.

Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$ 367,491 - -
Annual OPEB cost (expense) Contributions made	367,491 (136,484)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	231,007
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 231,007

NOTE 13 POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN (cont'd)

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of February 1, 2008, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 0.00 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$2,701,580, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability ("UAAL") of \$2,701,580. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$26,566,272, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 10.17 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the February 1, 2008 actuarial valuation, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.50 percent investment rate of return and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8.5 percent in 2008, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of five percent in 2015 or later. The UAAL is being amortized based on the level dollar, 30-year open period. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2009 was 29 years.

NOTE 14 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Government Grants and Awards

The District participates in both state and federally assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The District is potentially liable for any expenditures which may be disallowed pursuant to the terms of these grant programs. Management is not aware of any material items of noncompliance which would result in the disallowance of program expenditures.

Litigation

Certain litigation claims are pending against the District. In the opinion of District management and legal counsel, the potential losses, if any, on such claims would not have a materially adverse effect on the District's finances.

NOTE 15 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

A claim has been adjudicated against the District but remained unpaid as of June 20, 2006. This claim arose from taxpayers who claimed that there was an illegal change in the assessment of properties within the District in 1969. The District's exposure in the case is \$1,800,000, to be paid over six years with the majority of this obligation to take the form of tax credits and some in the form of refunds. As of June 30, 2009, the District was still liable for \$600,000, which has been reported as a liability in the statement of net assets.

NOTE 16 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Significant losses are covered by commercial insurance for all major programs except for workers' compensation, for which the District retains risk of loss. For insured programs, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverages during the 2008-2009 year. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

NOTE 17 COMMITMENTS

Construction commitments for the Strath Haven Middle School projects are as follows::

Item / Description	Contractor Name	Contract Amount	Completed to June 30, 2009	Commitments	
Strath Haven Middle School - New building					
General contractor	E. R. Stuebner, Inc.	\$15,959,257	\$ 11,176,290	\$ 4,782,967	
Architect	Agoos/Lovera Architects	3,021,000	2,867,728	153,272	
Track contractor	Atlas Track & Tennis	548,316	406,248	142,068	
Asbestos abatement	Controlled Environmental Systems	414,820	222,376	192,444	
Construction manager	Reynolds Construction Mgmt	1,514,997	1,178,439	336,558	
Sitework contractor	Blue Rock Construction, Inc.	5,210,687	4,257,953	952,734	
Masonry contractor	Connelly Construction Corp.	2,853,609	1,846,489	1,007,120	
Steel contractor	Cherry Steel Corporation	1,396,250	1,396,250	-	
Roofing contractor	P&C Roofing, Inc.	1,100,060	720,095	379,965	
Food service contractor	Ashland Equipment	471,605	136,548	335,057	
Plumbing contractor	Guy M. Cooper, Inc.	2,096,853	1,463,944	632,909	
Fire protection contractor	Apex Plumbing & Heating, Inc.	524,000	359,679	164,321	
HVAC contractor	Worth & Company	6,482,861	4,774,821	1,708,040	
Electrical contractor	J.R. Metzger, Inc.	4,820,092	3,151,176	1,668,916	
TAB contractor	Butler Balancing Company, Inc.	80,000	34,360	45,640	
TOTAL		\$46,494,407	\$ 33,992,396	\$12,502,011	

In addition, the District spent \$1,551,568 in other small projects not placed in service at year end for which there are not significant commitments.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL
OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON
COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED
ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

200 Springer Building 3411 Silverside Road Wilmington, Delaware 19810 302.478.8940

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October 30, 2009

Board of School Directors Wallingford-Swarthmore School District Wallingford, Pennsylvania

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wallingford-Swarthmore School District, Wallingford, Pennsylvania as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated October 30, 2009.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Wallingford-Swarthmore School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Wallingford-Swarthmore School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Organization's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the Organization's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Organization's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Organization's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal



Board of School Directors
Wallingford-Swarthmore School District

control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting which we have reported to management of Wallingford-Swarthmore School District in a separate letter dated October 30, 2009.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Wallingford-Swarthmore School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Wallingford-Swarthmore School District in a separate letter dated October 30, 2009.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of School Directors, management and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities; and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Barbacane, Thousand of Company
BARBACANE, THORNTON & COMPANY

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

200 Springer Building 3411 Silverside Road Wilmington, Delaware 19810 302.478.8940

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October 30, 2009

Board of School Directors Wallingford-Swarthmore School District Wallingford, Pennsylvania

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Wallingford-Swarthmore School District, Wallingford, Pennsylvania, with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2009. Wallingford-Swarthmore School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and recommendations. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of Wallingford-Swarthmore School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Wallingford-Swarthmore School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, "Audits of States, Local Governments and Nonprofit Organizations." Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Wallingford-Swarthmore School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Wallingford-Swarthmore School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Wallingford-Swarthmore School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2009.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Wallingford-Swarthmore School District, Wallingford, Pennsylvania, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Wallingford-Swarthmore School District's internal control over compliance with requirements



To the Board of School Directors
Wallingford-Swarthmore School District

that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Wallingford-Swarthmore School District's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of School Directors and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entitles; and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Barbacane, Thornton & Company

WALLINGFORD-SWARTHMORE SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

PART A - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

- The auditors' report expresses unqualified opinions on the financial statements of Wallingford-Swarthmore School District.
- No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the "Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards."
- 3. No instances of noncompliance relating to the financial statements of Wallingford-Swarthmore School District were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the major federal award program are reported in the "Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133."
- 5. The auditors' report on compliance for the major federal award program for Wallingford-Swarthmore School District expresses an unqualified opinion.
- The auditee is considered to be a low-risk auditee. The dollar threshold for determining a Type A program is \$300,000.
- 7. The program tested as a major program was:

Program Name CFDA #

IDEA 84.027

PART B - FINDINGS RELATED TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

None.

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

None.

WALLINGFORD-SWARTHMORE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS (CONT'D)

PART C - FINDINGS RELATED TO FEDERAL AWARDS

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

None.

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

None.

WALLINGFORD-SWARTHMORE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND CERTAIN STATE GRANTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

FEDERAL GRANTOR PROJECT TITLE U.S. Department of Education	SOURCE CODE	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	PASS-THRU GRANTOR'S NUMBER	GRANT PERIOD BEGINNING / ENDING DATES	GRANT AMOUNT	TOTAL RECEIVED FOR YEAR	ACCRUED (DEFERRED) REVENUE AT 07/01/2008	REVENUE RECOGNIZED	EXPENDITURES	ACCRUED (DEFERRED) REVENUE AT 06/30/2009
Partnerships in Character Education	D	84.215S	N/A	10/01/03-09/30/07	\$ 2,840,859	\$ 29,806	\$ (29,806)	\$ 20,088	\$ 20,088	\$ -
U.S. Department of Education Passed through PA Department of Education Title I Title I	 	84.010 84.010	013-07-0458 013-08-0458	07/01/06-09/30/07 07/01/07-09/30/08	128,311 149,674	16,941 29,923	10,319	16,941 40,242	16,941 40,242	- -
Title I	I	84.010	013-09-0458	07/01/08-09/30/09	132,609	106,066	-	125,658	125,658	19,592
Title I Mini-Grant	ı	84.010	077-09-0458-A	07/01/08-09/30/09	500	300	-	500	500	200
Title I - Academic Achievement	I	84.010	077-070458	07/01/07-09/30/09	2,076	253	253	253	253	-
Title I - Academic Achievement	i	84.010	077-090458	07/01/08-09/30/09	1,000	400	•	747	747	347
Title II - Improving Teacher Quality	1	85.281	020-08-0458	07/01/07-09/30/08	80,424	-	14,690	14,690	14,690	
Title II - Improving Teacher Quality	!	85.281	020-09-0458	07/01/08-09/30/09	80,150	48,090	(004)	70,165	70,165	22,075
Drug-Free Schools Drug-Free Schools	1	84.186 84.186	100-08-0458 100-09-0458	07/01/07-09/30/09	8,587	2,058	(621)	2,957	2,957	1,520
Diug-Free Schools	'	84.186	100-09-0458	07/01/08-09/30/09	7,550	2,013	-	3,843	3,843	1,829
Subgrant from U.S. Department of Education Passed through Delaware County I.U. I.D.E.A. I.D.E.A.	ļ	84.027	062-08-0025	07/01/07-06/30/08	229,760	266,022	(266,022)	500.400	-	-
	'	84.027	062-09-0025	07/01/08-06/30/09	582,108	420,256		582,108	582,108	161,852
Total U.S. Department of Education						922,128	(271,187)	878,192	878,192	207,415
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed through PA Department of Agriculture Value of USDA Commodities	ī	10.550	N/A	07/01/03-06/30/08	N/A	72,438	-	72,438	72,438	-
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed through PA Department of Education National School Lunch Program	ı	10.555	N/A	07/01/07-06/30/08	N/A	17.902	(17,902)	_	_	_
National School Lunch Program	ĺ	10.555	N/A	07/01/08-06/30/09	N/A	109,113	-	131,773	131,773	22,660
Breakfast Program	1	10.553	N/A	07/01/07-06/30/08	N/A	2,581	(2,581)	• -	•	· -
Breakfast Program	1	10.553	N/A	07/01/08-06/30/09	N/A	17,506	` <u>-</u>	21,651	21,651	4,145
Child and Adult Care Food Program	i	10.558	N/A	07/01/07-06/30/08	N/A	1,958	(1,958)	-	-	-
Child and Adult Care Food Program	i	10.558	N/A	07/01/08-06/30/09	N/A	15,521	-	18,321	18,321	2,800
State Matching Share	S	N/A	N/A	07/01/07-06/30/08	N/A	4,082	(4,082)	-		-
State Matching Share	S	N/A	N/A	07/01/08-06/30/09	N/A	21,180		25,550	25,550	4,370
Milk Program Milk Program	l I	10.556	N/A	07/01/07-06/30/08	N/A	428	(428)	0.440	- 0.412	
•	ı	10.556	N/A	07/01/08-06/30/09	N/A	2,568	-	3,110	3,110	542_
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture						265,277	(26,951)	272,843	272,843	34,517
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS AND CERTAIN S	TATE GRAN	TS				\$1,187,405	\$ (298,138)	\$1,151,035	\$ 1,151,035	\$ 241,932

- Source Codes
 D- Direct Funding
 I- Indirect Funding
- S-State Share

Footnotes:

- Total amount of commodities received from U.S. Department of Agriculture. Beginning inventory at July 1.
 Total amount of commodities used.
 Ending inventory at June 30.
- b)
- c)

WALLINGFORD-SWARTHMORE SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND CERTAIN STATE GRANTS

NOTE A SCOPE OF THIS SCHEDULE

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and Certain State Grants reflects federal expenditures for all individual grants which were active during the fiscal year. Additionally, the Schedule reflects expenditures for certain state grants.

NOTE B BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The District uses the modified accrual method of recording transactions except as noted for the accounting of donated commodities in Note C. Revenues are recorded when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when incurred.

NOTE C NONMONETARY FEDERAL AWARDS - DONATED FOOD

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania distributes federal surplus food to institutions (schools, hospitals and prisons) and to the needy. Expenditures reported in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards under CFDA #10.550 Value of USDA Commodities represent surplus food consumed by the District during the 2008-2009 fiscal year.

NOTE D ACCESS PROGRAM

The ACCESS Program is a medical assistance program that reimburses local educational agencies for direct eligible health-related services provided to enrolled special needs students. Reimbursements are federal source revenues but are classified as fee-for-service and are not considered federal financial assistance. The amount of ACCESS funding recognized for the year ended June 30, 2009 was \$174,836.